

# **OUTLOOK**

18 November, 2019

with

# **Sub-seasonal forecasts**

for the weeks of 18 – 24 November, 25 November – 1 December, 2 – 8 December, 9 – 15 December

&

# **Seasonal forecasts**

for the months of December, January and February

The beta version of S2S4E Decision Support Tool (DST) is an operational climate service that integrates, for the first time, sub-seasonal to seasonal climate predictions with renewable energy production and electricity demand.

Find examples of how the DST forecasts can inform the energy sector in the

**Case Studies Factsheets** 

available at:

postprocessing the climate prediction systems: NCEP CFSv2 (sub-seasonal) and ECMWF SEAS5 (seasonal), following the methodology described in the **advanced help** of the DST.

This outlook presents forecasts available on the DST on the 18th of November for the

coming four weeks and next three months. These S2S4E forecasts were made by

#### ✓ OUTLOOK USER GUIDE

#### PREDICTED TERCILE

- Above
- Normal
- Below

The forecast information provided is probabilistic. Instead of one single model realisation, several realisations are considered (ensemble members), providing a set of several possible outcomes (48 for NCEP CFSv2 and 51 for ECMWF SEAS5). This information is summarised and transmitted in the form of probabilities. Three equiprobable categories (terciles) have been used: below normal, normal and above normal. Each one of these tercile categories contains one third (33.3%) of the events over the reference period. The forecasted probability corresponds to the percentage of ensemble members predicting below normal, normal or above normal conditions, based on the past climatology.

#### **PROBABILITY RANGE**

- 50% to 100%
- 34% to 49%

As seen in the DST, regions where the predicted probability of the most likely tercile equals or is higher than 50% are represented with a bigger symbol, to highlight areas of larger probability. Users can customise the exact percentage of predicted probability (from 0 to 100%) in the DST.

#### **EXTREMES**



Max (p90)



To provide information about the probability of having very high or very low climate conditions, the DST displays the percentage of members under the 10th percentile and the percentage of members exceeding the 90th percentile. These 10th and 90th percentiles have been computed from the climatological period. Extreme events show with the triangle symbol when the probability of an extreme event occurring is over 25%

#### SKILL SCORES

In the maps presented in this outlook, only regions with positive skill are shown. Skill scores below 0 are defined as unskilful, those equal to 0 are equal to the climatology forecast, and anything above 0 is an improvement upon climatology, up to 1, which indicates a "perfect" forecast. In the DST these values have been expressed as percentages, where a skill of 1 would equal to 100% skill. FairRPSS for terciles and Brier Skill Scores for extremes are used.



If you have queries or feedback you can contact us at:

s2s4e@bsc.es



The DST outlooks are released once per month and available at:



Subscribe to the outlooks and register to the DST at:

s2s4e.eu/climate-services/ outlooks

www.s2s4e.eu/dst



This project has received funding from the Horizon 2020 programme under grant agreement n°776787. The content of this report reflects only the author's view. The European Commission is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains.

Enhanced: 34% - 49% High: 50% - 70%:

Very High: Greater than 70%

**\*\*** 

# **Temperature forecasts**



**Extremes** 

▲ Max (p90)

# ▼ Min (p10)

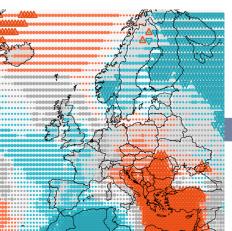
Legend

# **SUB-SEASONAL**

Prediction system used: NCEP CFSv2

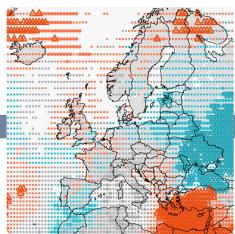
Maps show areas where skill (fRPSS) > 0

# 18 - 24 November



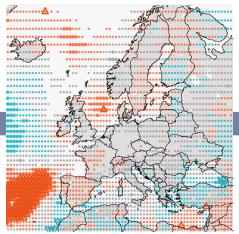
**High** probability of below normal temperatures in Western Europe. High probability of above normal temperatures in South-Eastern Europe (skill above 30%)

#### 25 November - 1 December



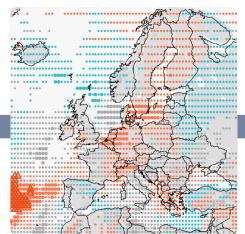
Enhanced to high probability of below normal temperatures in Eastern Europe. Forecasts show no clear signals in the rest of Europe (skill below 10%)

#### 2 - 8 December



Enhanced probability of above normal temperatures in Western Europe and Scandinavia. Noted high probability of above normal temperatures in the North Sea.

#### 9 - 15 December



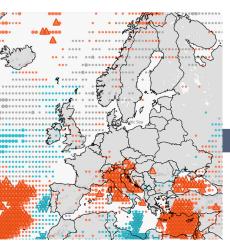
High probability of above normal temperatures in Central Europe, Sweden and Finland (skill below 10%).

## **SEASONAL**

Prediction system used: ECMWF SEAS5

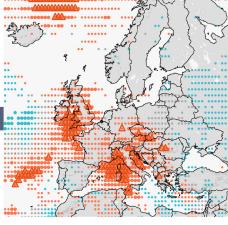
Maps show areas where skill (fRPSS) > 0

### December 2019



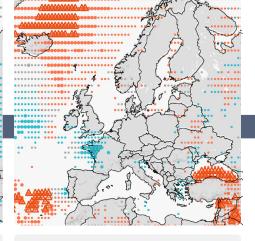
High probability of above normal temperatures in Italy and Turkey, with risk of extremes (skill above 5%).

#### January 2020



probability of above normal temperatures in Italy, British Isles, Austria and Czech Republic, with risk of extremes.

# February 2020



**High** probability of below normal temperatures in western France (slightly positive skill level only).

Browse the global forecasts in the DST:

Enhanced: 34% - 49%

Very High: Greater than 70%

# Wind speed forecasts

Below

34% to 49%

▼ Min (p10)

# **SUB-SEASONAL**

#### Prediction system used: NCEP CFSv2

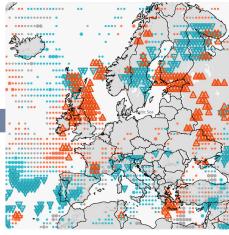
Maps show areas where skill (fRPSS) > 0

# High: 50% - 70%:

# 18 - 24 November



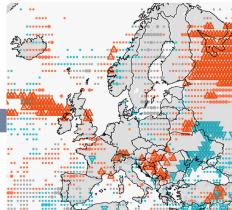
# 25 November - 1 December



## **High** probability of above normal winds in the British Isles and France, with risk of extremes in the British Isles (skill below 10%).

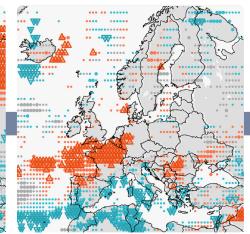
#### 2 - 8 December





## **High** probability of above normal winds in the British Isles, France, and the Balkans, with risk of extremes in the latter region.

#### 9 - 15 December



High to very high probability of above normal winds in France, Bay of Biscay and Southern UK, with risk of extremes in these three regions (skill above 10%).

# **SEASONAL**

#### Prediction system used: ECMWF SEAS5

Maps show areas where skill (fRPSS) > 0

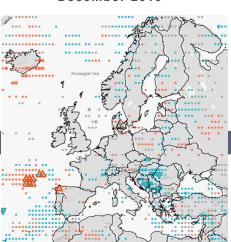
## December 2019

10%).

Very high probability of below normal winds

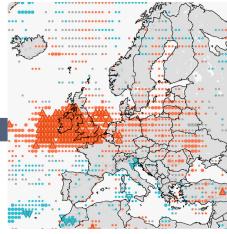
in most of Europe, with risk of extremes over

extended areas in Central Europe (skill above



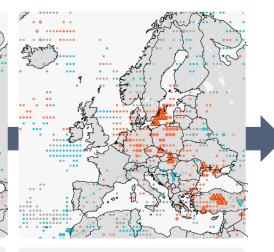
High probability of below normal winds in the Balkans (skill above 5%).

## January 2020



Very high probability of above normal winds in Ireland, with high or enhanced probability also in the UK, Germany and Poland.

# February 2020



High probability of above normal winds in Germany and Poland (only slightly positive

# Browse the global forecasts in the DST:

**Enhanced**: 34% - 49% **High**: 50% - 70%:

Very High: Greater than 70%



# **Precipitation forecasts**



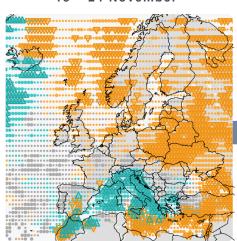
# Legend

### **SUB-SEASONAL**

# Prediction system used: NCEP CFSv2

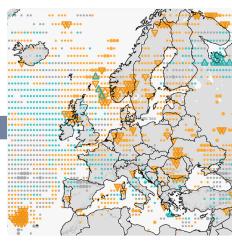
Maps show areas where skill (fRPSS) > 0

## 18 - 24 November



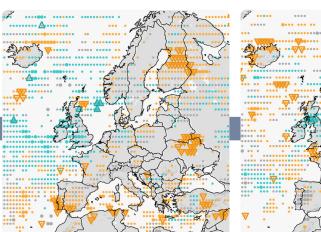
**High** probability of below normal precipitation in Central and Northern Europe, with risk of extremes in Norway and Eastern Europe (skill above 20%).

### 25 November - 1 December



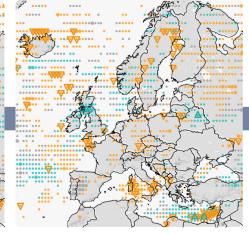
Enhanced to high probability of below normal precipitation in Scandinavia, Germany and Baltic countries, with risk of extremes (skill below 10%).

#### 2 - 8 December



**Enhanced** probability of above normal precipitation in the British Isles. **Enhanced** probability of below normal precipitation across the Mediterranean (skill below 5%).

# 9 - 15 December



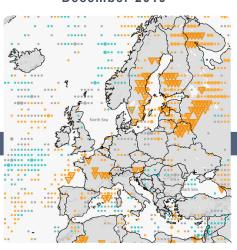
Enhanced probability of above normal precipitation to remain in the British Isles.
Enhanced probability of below normal precipitation over Europe mainland (skill below 5%).

# **SEASONAL**

# Prediction system used: ECMWF SEAS5

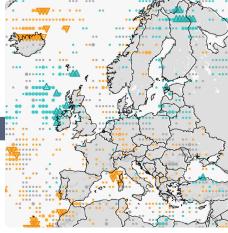
Maps show areas where skill (fRPSS) > 0

### December 2019



**High** probability of below normal precipitation in the Baltic countries with risk of extremes (skill above 5%).

#### January 2020



**High** probability of above normal precipitation in parts of the British Isles (only slightly positive skill).

# February 2020



**High** probability of above normal precipitation in Germany and Norway, and enhanced probability of below normal precipitation in Spain.

# Browse the global forecasts in the DST:

**Enhanced**: 34% - 49% **High**: 50% - 70%:

Very High: Greater than 70%



Normal

Below

Probability range 50% to 100%

34% to 49%

Extremes

Max (p90)

▼ Min (p10)

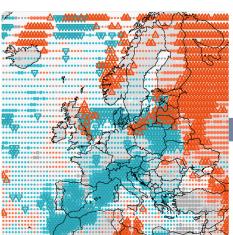
Legend

# **SUB-SEASONAL**

# Prediction system used: NCEP CFSv2

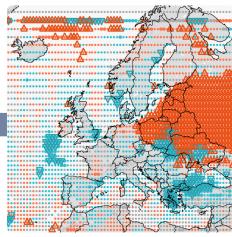
Maps show areas where skill (fRPSS) > 0

# 18 - 24 November



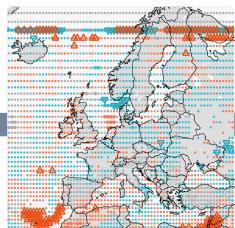
High to very high probability of below normal solar radiation over most of Europe. Risk of extremes in the Alps, Iberia, and North and Baltic Sea regions.

### 25 November - 1 December



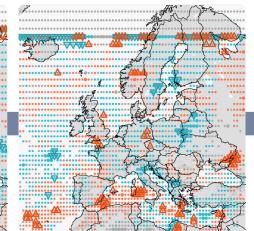
High to very high probability of above normal solar radiation in North-Eastern Europe, with risk of extremes (skill above 20%).

#### 2 - 8 December



**Enhanced** probability of below normal solar radiation in Germany, Scandinavia and Balkans (skill below 10%).

#### 9 - 15 December



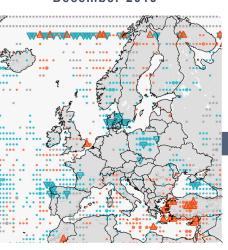
**Enhanced** probability of below normal solar radiation over large areas in Europe mainland (skill below 10%).

## **SEASONAL**

# Prediction system used: ECMWF SEAS5

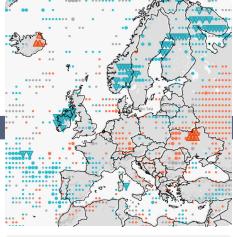
Maps show areas where skill (fRPSS) > 0

### December 2019



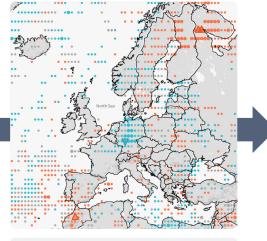
**High** probability of below normal radiation in Denmark and Poland (skill above 10%)..

# January 2020



**High** probability of below normal radiation in Ireland and Norway (skill above 5%).

# February 2020



**High** probability of below normal radiation in central Germany (skill above 10%).

# Browse the global forecasts in the DST: